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TERM	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2		
EYFS	Understanding the	Understanding the World Past and Present, People, Culture and Communities (taught over the course of the year rather than following the discrete topics of						
	the KS1 and KS2 curriculum) 3-4 year olds will learning to: 3 and 4 year olds will be learning to: Begin to make sense of their own life-story and family's history							
	Children in Reception will be learning to (Including ELG) : Comment on images of familiar situations in the past							
		Compare and contrast characters from stories, including figures from the past						
		es of the people around th		-				
					r experiences and what	has been read in class		
	Know some similarities and differences between things in the past and now, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in Understand the past through settings, characters and events encountered in books read in class and storytelling;							
Year 1	Onderstand the p	NC. Changes within		NC. Significant	did story tenning,	NC. Changes within		
rear r		living memory		historical events or		living memory, aspects		
		What was life like when		people and places in		of change in national		
		our Grandparents were		their locality		<u>life.</u>		
		children?		Who are our local		How did our		
				heroes?		Grandparents have fun		
Year 2		NC. National events		NC. Lives of significant	NC. Changes In Britain	at the seaside? NC Changes in Britain		
1 Gai Z		beyond living memory	,	individuals of the past	from the Stone Age	from the Stone age to		
		and significant	•	who have contributed	(Opening worlds	the Iron age.		
		individuals		to national and	curriculum)	(Opening worlds		
		The Great Fire of		international		curriculum)		
		London		achievements.				
				Who were the greatest				
Year 3	N/C Ancient Egypt	N/C Cradles of	N/C Indus Valley	explorers? N/C Persia and Greece	N/C Ancient Greece	N/C Alexander the		
Teal 3	How much did Anci		<u>Civilisation</u>	N/C Persia and Greece	IVC Afficient Greece	Great		
	Egypt change over	How similar and how	<u> </u>	What did Greek city -	What can sources from	<u>Great</u>		
	time?	different were Ancient	How do we know about	states have in common?	Ancient Greece tell us?	How did Alexander the		
		Egypt and Ancient	the Indus Valley			Great conquer so much		
	Change/continuity	Sumer?	civilisation?	Similarity and difference	Evidential thinking	land?		
		Similarity and difference				Counction		
Voor 4	N.C. The Ro	man N.C. The Roman	Evidential thinking N.C. The Roman	N.C. A non-European	N.C. A non-European	N.C. A non-European		
Year 4	Empire and its im		Empire and its impact	society that provides	society that provides	society that provides		
	on Britain	on Britain	on Britain	Society that provides	Society that provides	Society triat provides		

	The Roman Republic How much power did the senate have in the Roman Republic? Causation	The Roman Empire What can sources reveal about Roman ways of life? Evidential thinking	Roman Britain What kinds of knowledge about Roman Britain have historians been able to build from the sources? Change/continuity	contrasts with British history Christianity in three empires (300-600CE) What made each early Christian state special? Similarity/difference	contrasts with British history Islamic civilisations (1) Arabia and early Islam What kind of change did Muhammad bring about in Arabia? Causation	contrasts with British history Islamic civilisations (2) Cordoba: city of light How did worlds come together in Muslim Cordoba? Similarity and difference
Year 5	N.C. A non-European society that provides contrasts with British history Islamic Civilisations (3) The round city: Baghdad. Why were there so many restless minds in Cordoba and in Baghdad? Causation	NC. Britain's settlement by Anglo- Saxons and Scots. Anglo-Saxon Britain How have historians learned about Anglo Saxon Britain? Evidential thinking	NC. Anglo Saxon struggle for the kingdom of England. Vikings in Britain (1) Lady of the Mercians Why did Vikings dominate large parts of Britain by 910? Causation	NC. Anglo Saxon struggle for the kingdom of England. Norse culture How were the Norse connected with other lands and peoples? Similarity and difference	NC. Anglo Saxon struggle for the kingdom of England Vikings in Britain (2) Changing Rulers, changing Worlds How did the Vikings shape Britain? Change/continuity	NC. Study an aspect or theme in British history that extends pupil's chronological knowledge beyond 1066 Local history study based on transatlantic slavery What part did Liverpool play in the slave trade? Evidential thinking
Year 6	N.C. A non-European society that provides contrasts with British history The Maya How have historians learned about the Maya? How do historians know about the Maya? Causation	NC. know and understand significant aspects of the history of the wider world: the nature of ancient civilisations; the expansion and dissolution of empires; characteristic features of past non-European societies; achievements and follies of mankind Medieval African kingdoms How similar and different were medieval Ethiopia and Benin?	NC: To ensure the progression described above through teaching the British, local and world history outlined below, teachers should combine overview and depth studies to help pupils understand both the long arc of development and the complexity of specific aspects of the content. Cities in time (1) This Manchester man	SATS revision block	NC Teaching the British, local and world history outlined below, teachers should combine overview and depth studies to help pupils understand both the long arc of development and the complexity of specific aspects of the content. Cities in time 2 Greek and Roman	NC. a study over time tracing how several aspects of national history are reflected in the locality (this can go beyond 1066) Britain in the era of the Second World War Causes and effects

Similarities differences	Story terr as about a	h	Contrasting cities How have cities differed?	
	Causation		Similarity and difference	