

Computer Science Progression Framework 2022 - 2023

Area	Foundation Stage	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Computer Science	Be able to give a floor robot instructions to make it move. Use simple software and explain what you are doing. Understand what happens when you click a button or touch an icon.	 Give instructions to a friend and follow their instructions to move around a space. Describe what happens when buttons are pressed on a robot or device. Press buttons in the correct order to make a robot follow a short sequence. Understand what an algorithm is and be able to create a simple algorithm. Understand and explain how algorithms are used in every day life. Begin to predict what will happen for a short sequence of instructions. 	 Understand what an algorithm is and demonstrate simple linear algorithms. Be able to explain the order needed to do things to make something happen and to talk about it as an algorithm. Programme a robot or software to do a particular task. Look at a basic program and explain what will happen. Use programming software and applications to make objects move. Use logical reasoning to predict and debug more complex programs. Can create and debug with 	 Understand how an algorithm is implemented using a sequence of precise instructions. Can predict the outcome of a sequence of precise instructions. Repeatedly test a program and recognise when they need to debug it. Detect a problem in an algorithm, which could result in a different outcome to the one intended. Understand what inputs and outputs are, how they can be used. Provide examples of how to use inputs and outputs effectively. Designs, writes, executes and debugs programs of increasing complexity that 	 Design simple algorithms using loops and repeats, whilst detecting and correcting errors is debugging. Write and execute an efficient program, using loops such as forever, repeat & repeat until commands. Decompose a problem into smaller parts with some verbal reasoning. Has an understanding of how sequencing, using inputs and repetition in programs has specific effects on the output, works with 'loops' and understands their effect. Recognise that an algorithm will help to sequence more complex programs. 	 Program a condition that uses a sensor to detect a change, which can select an action within a program. Decomposes more open-ended problems into smaller parts, provides some reasoning for their choices. Approaches a range of problems using computationally thinking concepts, helping them to design other algorithms for other specific outcomes. Design, write and execute an efficient program, including selection (IFTHEN) command. Change an input to a program to achieve a different output. Use logical reasoning to predict and debug more complex 	 Understand the importance of planning, testing and correcting algorithms. Demonstrate a range of different strategies to solve a problem including: abstraction, decomposition, logic & evaluation. Understand why sequence & patterns are important when creating simple algorithms that are part of a more complex program. Gives reasoning for each step within algorithms and applying them to a program. Understand & develop complex flow diagrams. Use a variable to increase programming possibilities. Use a variable and relational operators (e.g. < = >) within a loop to stop a program. Evaluate the effectiveness and



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